

what to do. Solving the puzzle requires extracting an **ANSWER**, which will be a common English word or short phrase. It should become clear when you've found the answer. Sometimes you may think you need to consult external information; that's okay, no resource is off-limits when solving. When you think you know the answer, submit it on our website (<http://puzzle.berkeley.edu>).

Week 3: Passing and One Away

Go Bears!

This column is the third in our ongoing series. (You can find an archive of past columns on our website). These puzzles have a **TITLE**, some *flavortext*, and the content. Figuring out what to do with the content is the hardest part. The title and flavortext usually indicate the theme of the puzzle, and provide clues about how to manipulate the information you've been given. The full meaning of these clues may only be evident once you've figured out

1994	Stripped (4)
2004	Old coots (7)
2001	Yell (6)
2014	Bungle (4)
1965	A short hit (4)
1972	Fad (5)
2010	Stirs up (5)
1962	Neuter a horse (4)
1984	Gordan's Problem solver (7)
1967	Small stream (5)
1966	Like Old England (5)
1976	The best way to deal with insanity according to Hesse is to pretend to ... (2,4)